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The Wilmington Post.

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WILMINGTON POST

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RATES OF ADVERTISING.

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All communications on busines must be addressed to THE WILMINGTON POST, Wilmington, N. C.

All advertisements will be charged at the above rates, except on special contracts.

The subscription price to THE WILMINGTON POST is $1 00 per year; six months 75 cents.

Eight (8) lines, Nonpareil type, constitute a square.

We understand that. Hon. James O'Hara of Halifax county, has been canvassing in behalf the readjusters. Mr O'Hara is a good stump orator, and we are glad to hear of his labors in Virginia in behalf of Mahone and liberalism.

TOBACCO culture in certain parts of North Carolina pays very handsomely, and we are unable to see why it will not pay in the Cape Fear section of the state, where the land is good, cheap and the labor is plentiful. If raising tobacco will pay among the rocks where they can hardly find dirt enough to plant the seed, we should believe it would pay splendid profits down where the farmer can find the very best soil in the state, One of our enterprising citizens has started, and is successfully running a tobacco factory, which gives us a market for the leaf. Now the next thing to do is to raise the tobacco that Mr. Brunhild needs for his factory.

RAILROADS FOR WILMINGTON.

The direction for railroads that will benefit Wilmington most, and which should be constructed at an early day: 1st. Is a branch road from Wadesboro to Salisbury. 2d. The continuation of the C. C. Road from Shelby, by way of Rutherfordton, Marion and thence to the Cranberry Iron Works. 3d. A road from Wilmington by way of Clinton to Fayettevill, to connect direct with the road leading from Fayetteville to Greensboro, and thence to Mt. Airy, Surry, county, N. C. 4th. A road by way of Jacksonville, Kinston and thence to Greenville. The construction of these railroads would make Wilmington. It would open up the very best portions of North Carolina, and give this city twenty times the trade it now has. Business must be brought here. It must be made to the interest of the country merchants and farmers to come and trade with Wilmington, or they will never do so. The road to Greenville would give the merchants of the city the trade of Onslow, Jones, Lenoir, Greene, Pitt, Martin, Beaufort and Washington counties. The road to Mt. Airy would give them about 20 additional counties. The road to Salisbury at least five, and the one from Shelby to Cranberry Iron Works at least twelve more, making some forty-five additional counties of the state brought in direct connection with Wilmington, and in a very short time their trade would be with our own business men.

Now, the way to get these roads is for our moneyed men and the merchants to interest themselves, as the merchants of Norfolk, Baltimore, Richmond, Charleston, Savannah, and other cities have done, and are doing to-day.

If our people would wake up and put their energies to some use, we would have no doubt of the result, But as long as they sit down and wait for some one else to construct these railroads for them, not a shovelful of dirt will be thrown or a rail laid. It takes work to build railroads. It will take work to get the trade back that we have already lost by laziness and stupidity; but by hard licks, well directed, very soon we believe this city can be reclaimed.

The Garfield Fund.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28,—The projector of the fund for Mrs. Garfield, in a card referring to the suggestion that some of the money be given the dead President's mother, states that under the terms of the subscription papers sent out not a cent of the sum subscribed can be diverted to another use than that specified in the subscription papers—that is for the President's wife and children. He has this afternoon received two checks, one for $500, and one for $250, for Gen. Garfield's mother, which he will forward with any other sums received, or to invest as she may prefer. The fund for Mrs Garfield now reaches $324,675 67.

Bogus Certificates.

It is no vile drugged stuff, pretending to be made of wonderful foreign roots, barks, &c., and puffed up by long bogus certificates of pretended miraculous cures, but a simple, pure, effective medicine, made of well known valuable remedies, that furnishes its own certificates by its cures. We refer to Hop Bitters, the purest and best of medicines.—*Republican.*

TOM SETTLE FOR THE CABINET.

At Chicago, when Hon. Thos. Settle was put in nomination by Hon. James H. Harriss for the Vice-Presidency, it was generally understood that the southern delegations would vote for him, with a very large following from the north, and his chances were exceedingly good. Notwithstanding that fact, the friends of General Arthur from this state had Judge Settle's name withdrawn in favor of Chester A. Arthur, of New York. He was nominated and elected Vice-President, and now is the Chief Executive of the United States, and the friends of Hon. Thos. Settle all over the south would consider his appointment to a position in the Cabinet as a just recognition of his great ability and popularity. No appointment from the south would give so general satisfaction as that of Tom Settle, and no man would adorn the position with more grace and dignity and greater satisfaction to President Arthur and the country.

To the Editor of The Republican:

In the speculations among politicians and the press as to changes likely to be made by President Arthur in his Cabinet there are, and will be, various opinions among the leaders of public thought It seems to be conceded that among the present Cabinet not more than two will remain. There are not only a number of precedents for the change, but it is the right of an incoming President to make such changes, not in a spirit of proscription, but with the patriotic object of securing as his advisers gentlemen who are likely to be in harmony with his own views on public matters of state. If the south is to have recognition in the Cabinet let it be a representative man of that section, and a Stalwart Republican.

THE PRESENT SECRETARY OF THE NAVY is not a fair representative of the Republican party of that section of the Union. He is but little known as a prominent public man in the south, and has no national reputation as a leader or promoter of the party to which he belongs. Judge Thomas Settle, of Florida, formerly of North Carolina, is a gentleman widely known throughout the country as a man of a high order of talent and great influence among the southern people. He is a true Republican, has been Speaker of both branches of his state legislature, Judge of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, was Minister to Peru, President of the Philadelphia Republican Convention which gave General Grant a second nomination, and was appointed by General Grant

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE, of Florida in 1877, which position he at present holds. His name was prominently mentioned in the journals of the north and south as an available candidate for the second place on the Presidential ticket with General Grant. His record is before the country, and one that no public man should be ashamed to own.

H.

HIS TEST AGAINST VANCE—THE CHICAGO CONVENTION.

A subscriber for this journal who read the communication in yesterday's paper which urges Judge Settle for a position in the Cabinet says that communication did not give all the points in favor of the Judge. He says Settle ran for Governor in North Carolina, Vance (now United States Senator) being his competitor. Such was the strength and popularity of the Judge that he developed a larger vote than was ever cast in that state before or since. Just before or at the time he was appointed to his present position President Grant was seriously considering the appointment of Judge Settle to a position in the Cabinet; and in the Chicago Republican Convention Mr. Settle was the favorite among the Grant delegates for the nomination for Vice-President. The above named subscriber says further: "I find, by reference to my scrap book, that immediately after the last person was put in nomination for Vice-President namely, Gov. Davis of Texas, the chairman of the Florida delegation, Mr. Hicks, who by the bye, is now in training for a Cabinet position, stated to the Chicago convention, that, having discharged our duty and offered our candidate, on consultation with other states, who are in harmony with us, and yielding, as we deem it our duty and our privilege to do, to the great state of New York * * and with the consent of those who have seconded the nomination, I now, sir, withdraw the name of Thomas Settle, and substitute therefor the name of Chester A. Arthur." [Applause.]—Then Mr. Harris, of North Carolina, said: "As one who seconded the nomination of Hon. Thomas Settle, I know that I act in accord with his wishes, knowing that the success of the Republican party is paramount with him to all other considerations, and I now beg to concur in the withdrawal of his name as a candidate for the Vice-Presidency in favor of General Arthur, of New York." That "opened the ball," and then followed several other withdrawals; but the attempt to make the nomination of Arthur unanimous failed. In the one ballot taken, Florida, which had instructed it delegates to vote for Settle, voted her full number for Arthur. The one vote which was cast for Settle was from Indiana.

The above ought to have gone on farther and stated the whole facts. That is to say, that Judge Settle was really and truly elected Governor of North Carolina, in stead of Z. B. Vance. It is generally conceded now by the best Democrats of the state that the Vance majority was a fraud.

Settle was not only the choice of the Grant men in the south, but the anti-Grant men as well. It was conceded by all that New York ought to select the candidate for the Vice-Presidency, therefore Judge Settle was not withdrawn for the place.

MR. HENRY BACON HEARD FROM.

Since writing the editorial concerning Mr. Henry Bacon on the inside, we have received the communication below, which should be read carefully. Mr. Bacon is entitled to a fair hearing, and so far as we are concerned he shall have it. He denies many of the charges made against him; some of them he has taken no notice of. Now the proper thing for Colonel Craighill, Mr. Bacon's Chief, to do, is to have the matter thoroughly investigated. It is due Mr. Bacon, as well as the general public, that it should be done, and we take pleasure in advising Mr. B. to insist on an investigation, which we understand the parties who have been talking and writing the matter up also desire.

Cape Fear River Improvements.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE,
SMITHVILLE, N. C., Sept. 29, '81

To the Editor of the Post:

The best answer to malignant scurility is silent contempt. But inasmuch as my silence, under present circumstances, might be misconstrued; I will say that the work under my care is under the control of the War Department, and I am responsible to the Department, though Lieut. Col. Craighill, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., and have endeavored conscientiously to fufil my responsibility by careful attention to its management on business principles, without other gain than my salary.

I have not now, and never have had any ownership or interest in J. T. Harper's store or business, or in the steamer Passport; and have never had any supervision of Harper's mercantile business.

The Passport has been allowed the use of the government wharf for a long time before it was in my charge—full compensation being made in service for the government. Other boats have not been excluded by me.

No preferences have been made as to where employees do their trading, and in many cases it has been beyond my knowledge until this morning. I have made inquiries and find that of the 45 employees of this month, more than half *do not* trade with J. T. Harper, though it is well known that (excluding liquors) he sells more goods than all the merchants of Smithville. No one has been refused employment or discharged for not trading with J. T. Harper.

My practice has always been to put each employees money in a sealed envelope and hand it directly to him. In a very few cases when the employee was not present to receive the money, the envelopes have been left at Harper's store for them, and have always been given with the seal unbroken to the owner, whether they were indebted to Harper or not.

In case of leave of absence, beyond a few days, the facts are reported and the question of deduction of salary is submitted to the decision of Colonel Craighil. When it is necessary to employ a substitute it is the rule to deduct his pay.

HENRY BACON,
U. S. Asst. Engineer.

SMITHVILLE, N. C., Sept. 28, 1881.

To Editor of Post, Wilmington, N. C.

DEAR SIR: Why is it that the working hours are so much longer on the Cape Fear Government Works than they are at other places where national work is carried on? The laborers at New Inlet begin work at early dawn and never quit work until sundown, only long enough to eat their scanty mess, (for it cannot be called a meal,) which is composed of the commonest kind of stuff. I call it stuff because I can find no other appropriate name for it, and it is hardly worthy of the name of stuff. It would be more suitable to adorn a slop-tub than it would a table or a man's hungry stomach. Well, this is the way things are managed at Federal Point. The men are over worked as to time, but never over fed, neither are they allowed extra compensation for the over work they do. I know all about it—I have been there, for seeing is believing, and tasting what I have seen is the naked truth itself.

Now, Dear POST, please tell me, as I know you to be a friend to the working man, does not the government allow extra pay for all over time made by its employes? If the government does make allowance for over time, why are the men that work on the Inlet so grossly wronged out of their extra pay for the over time they make? Who is to blame for all this, the man that hires the men or the men for working for the man? I am confident that such proceedings are not known at headquarters, if they were I am most certain there would be a speedy revision of things generally. Now your attention awhile to the steamer Woodbury, commanded by a certain J. T. Harper, which Mr. Snooks pleases to call Friday, a name very appropriate. I would let her (the Woodbury) slip by unnoticed, but oh, no, she is too grand a prize for that, for she is the all-absorbing topic of conversation in our little town, and it would not do to pass her by unnoticed. Oft times have I noticed the above mentioned steamer approaching her wharf at night without the visible sign of a signal light on her side screens, or at her masthead. Does not the Grand High Mogul (Friday) know that he is violating the laws of the government of which he is working for?—I suppose not, though, for his head does not pain him with that which Daniel Webster had plenty of. It may be that the Woodbury has no signal lights. O, no, that can't be: a government steamer without signal lights.—But, by the way, what business has the Woodbury to be out so late at work? many evenings she does not come to her wharf until long after the hideous hoot and screech of the owe is heard in the lonely forest. I suppose the noble skipper is using the steamer for his convenience, towing vessels—a sly way of his for drumming up trade for his store—all at the expense of the government; and Mr. B. does not say anything about it either, But, mind you, he stays out on the bar until the last digit of the sun has long disappeared behind the horizon. Then you can see the old hulk groping her way along the channel with no lights up. Why can't the noble commander fetch the steamer to the warf at a respectable hour, and give the hands ample time to get forty winks of refreshing sleep? as they are first to go to work in the morning and the last to finish at night. And all the noble skipper has to do is to take the boat from the wharf, then his work is done until the boat reaches the wharf at night. All for the little round sum of one hundred dollars per month.

I see the Woodbury coming now, she has just left the bar, the sun has been set just ten minutes and, as usual, she has no signal lights up. I tell you I am keeping my eyes on her.

Good bye, Dear POST, you will hear from me again soon.

JOHN THOMAS SNOOKS.

The 45th Congress passed a law declaring ten hours to be a day's work on all Government works.

Coup's Great Hippodrome Com'ng—Three Times Larger than Ever.

On Thursday, the 18th day of October W. C. Coup's Great Paris Hippodrome, combined with his new united monster shows, said to be more than three times larger than ever, will exhibit in this city, giving two performances, afternoon and evening. In consequence of the greatly increased size of his show, and the enormous additional expenses attending it, Mr. Coup has been compelled to increase the price of admission. In order that our readers may realize the immense difference in size, the following facts are necessary: The advertising department alone is more than twice as extensive, using two magnificent palace advertising cars, and three separate sets of agents and advertisers. The illuminated material used is the finest and most expensive ever known, costing daily $2,500.

The enormous tents, covering fully eight acres, are the largest ever known, actually overspreading three circus rings, and a hippodrome race track forty feet wide and nearly half a mile around. In addition to the four circus hippodrome companies, there is a grand museum and menagerie filled with animals from all parts of the world. To operate the different features of the museum, a dozen or more steam engines are used.

In the great street pageant, the finest ever witnessed in the south, nine different kinds of music are used, including three first-class brass bands and four musical orpheodes, each driven by a powerful steam engine, issuing melodies equal to a concerto of twelve hundred musicians. Nothing to equal this was ever before known in show business in any part of the world. Every other department of the show is said to be on a proportionate scale. In the way of sensations, the wonderful flight of *Lu Lu*, who is hurled from a powerful iron catapult, high in the air, and describing in transit across the great hippodrome pavilion the segment of an air circle five hundred feet in diameter, and turning two complete evolutions before alighting, is the most hazardous and astounding ever witnessed, and said to be well worth going five hundred miles to see. Then come the Zulus, the Indians in their exciting chase for a wife, the hippodrome races, jockey races, hurdle and steeple chases, flat and standing races, the elephant and camel races, the Zulus racing with thoroughbred horses, and scores of other novelties which can be seen and enjoyed only in Coup's Great Show. For full particulars see the sixteen page *Courier*, and numerous programmes, small bills, books, pamphlets and illustrated pictoral primers scattered everywhere by thousands.

CITY ITEMS.

All subscribers to the POST not receiving the same regularly, will please report the same to Mr. W. E. Sellers of at this office.

See Fourth page for tributes of respect.

Yesterday and to-morrow will be moving days in Wilmington.

Diptheria is again in the city.

Cotton is bringing very excellent prices now.

Col. S. L. Fremont has been on a visit to our city.

The Compresses of this city are running at their fullest capacity.

The boats are now running to Fayetteville, N. C. Water at last.

Mr. Duncan Cromartie, of Bladen, was in the city on Thursday last.

Gen. Jos. C. Abbott has been quite ill for some ten days at his home in this city.

An excursion party from Rutherfordton is expected here on the 6th of October.

Brown & Roddick have their new store on Front street finished, and will move in at once.

The public schools for the 1st and 2nd districts, in this city, will open on Monday, to-morrow, the 3rd of October.

Hon. John Dawson, one of the very oldest citizens of this place, died at his home in this city on Thursday morning last.

The month of September just passed was the hottest ever known for the same month in the history of Wilmington, N. C.

Mr. George N. Harriss, who has been local for the *Review* for years, has quit, and is now at work for Williams & Murchison.

Hon. Samuel W. Watts is the only resident lawyer at Smithville, N. C., and all who have business at that place will do well to consult him.

The Eastern Association of Baptist Churches of North Carolina will convene at the Baptist Church at Magnolia on Tuesday next, the 4th inst.

The twenty-fourth stated session of the Wilmington Presbytery will meet in Union Church, in the town of Faison, Duplin county, on Thursday before the second Sunday in October, which will be on the 6th inst.

Bishop A W. Wayman, of the A. M. E. Church, was in the city last Wednesday, as the guest of Rev. J. G. Fry. He preached a fine sermon in St. Stephens' Church in the evening, after which he left for Richmond.

There was an appropriation made for the improvement of Town Creek by the last Congress, also for Lillington river or Long Creek, but so far we have heard but little of the work. We hope the officers will commence it soon.

Mr. W. K. Price has been home on a brief visit to see his family and friends. he returned on Thursday morning last, accompanied by his family. Mr. Price has a clerkship in the Treasury Department. He stands well with his superiors and deserves promotion, which we have no doubt he will receive soon.

Oyster raising ought to pay down along the seashore in the vicinity of Wilmington. We should think there would be sufficient enterprise among our fishermen to start an oyster bed and raise oysters for this market. Wake up, gentlemen, and let us see if you can't make two oysters where one used to grow.

To-morrow, Monday, the 3d day of October is, according to the Jewish faith, Yom Kipper, the day of Atonement. The ten days of penitence are now being observed, commencing from Friday, Sept. 23d, the commencement of New Year, and continuing through to-morrow. The stores of our Jewish citizens will be closed.

Mr. Stacy VanAmringe, Superior Court Clerk, has moved into his new quarters on the first floor of the new wing. The office is entirely fire-proof, made so for the purpose of preserving the many important documents, records and old wills on file in the Superior Court Clerk's office. Mr. Solicitor Moore and Maj. Dunham, Clerk of the Criminal Court will occupy the room on the second floor.

Services at St. Mark's Church, corner of Sixth and Mulberry are: Morning Prayer at 11 a. m., Evening Prayer at 8 a. m., on Sunday's. On Holy Days at 9 a. m. and 4½ p. m. Sunday school at 5. Barnabas schoolhouse at 3½ p. m. Seats free.

While minute guns were being fired on Monday last by the Cape Fear Light Artillery, one of the gunners, Mr. John Sneeden, had the misfortune to have both of his hands blown off by a premature discharge of the cannon. He is getting on as nicely as possible under the circumstances. A relief fund for his aid is being gotten up.

Captain James Mercer, of the U. S. Engineer Department, has charge of the improvement of the Upper Cape Fear River. He is an officer of great experience and ability—those who know him recommend him very highly. We hope to see him soon carrying on the work, for the people are very anxiously awaiting the time when the Cape Fear will be made free to all.

Tuesday's Newbern *News* said: The schooner R. L. Myers, which came off Howard's ways on Saturday morning, is loading lumber at Stimson's mill for the Life Saving Station below Wilmington. The schooner Elizabeth, which left here last week, carried the frame work, and the Myers will carry the necessary lumber for the completion of the station.

MARINE INSURANCE.—The Underwriters Agency, of New York, have acquiesced in the demands made by the Chamber of Commerce and Produce Exchange of this city. Mr. A. H. VanBokkelen, President of the Chamber of Commerce, has been officially notified that hereafter the rate of marine insurance from Wilmington, by sail, to all European ports will be reduced one eighth per cent.

BAPTIST STATE CONVENTION.—The Baptist State Convention will hold its next annual session in Winston in November next: Those expecting to attend are requested to forward their names to Rev. H. A. Brown, Pastor of the Baptist Church in Winston, or one of the following committee: C. J. Watkins, J. B. Pierce, A. J. Hunt, and I. W. Durham, as early as possible, in order to avoid confusion.

The new river steamer Bladen, built at the Marine Railway by Capt. Sam Skinner, made her first trip on Friday last. She is thought to be the lightest draft boat ever put upon the Cape Fear river. Her dimensions are: Length 100 feet, width 18 feet, depth of hold 5 feet. She has a locomotive boiler with double engines 10 by 36 inches and can make a speed of about 6 miles an hour. She draws when light 18 inches aft and 10 inches forward. She will trim to about 16 inches on an even keel. Her carrying capacity is about 600 barrels of rosin. She can carry about 300 barrels of rosin and 250 bales of cotton.

HEBREW RELIF ASSOCIATION.—An association of the above name, intended as auxiliary to the central office in New York, and of the Alliance Universalle at Paris, to aid Jews in emigrating from Russia, and for other purposes, has been organized in this city, with the following officers:

Board of Managers—Rev. S. Mendelsohn, A. Weill, S. H, Fishblate, J. I. Macks, H. Brunhild, H. H. Kaspowicz, N, Greenwalde.

President—A. Weill.

Vice-President—N. Greenwalde.

Secretary and Treasurer—H. H. Kaspowicz.

Corresponding Secretary.—S. Mendelsohn.

TABLET TO BISHOP ATKINSON—Says the last *Churchman*, the tablet to be erected to the memory of Bishop Atkinson in the chancel of St. James' Church, Wilmington, N. C., is now completed, and will soon be forwarded by the Church furnisher, Mr. R. Geissler, of New York. It consists of a brass plate on a slab of dove-colored marble, the latter being nearly two and a half feet wide by four feet long. On the four corners of the plate are panels with emblems of the four evangelists in the order of St. Matthew, St. John, St. Mark and St. Luke, the lion being made to symbolize St. Matthew and the angel St. Mark, while ordinarily it is the reverse. Above is a plate representing a mitre. The inscription, in lettering of red and black, is as follows: "To the reverend and beloved memory of the Rt. Rev. Thomas Atkinson, D. D., LL.D., third Bishop of North Carolina. Born at Mansfield, Dinwiddie county, Va., August 6th, A. D. 1807. Consecrated Bishop of North Carolina, October 17th, A. D. 1853. Fell asleep in Jesus at Wilmington, N. C., January 4th, 1881. His body rests beneath this chancel in sure hope of a blissful resurrection."

Board of Aldermen—Proceedings in Relation to the Death of Ex-Mayor Dawson.

At at a called meeting of the Board of Aldermen, held in the City Hall on Friday last, the following proceedings were had. Present the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.

The Mayor stated that he had called the Board together to announce officially to them the death of ex-Mayor Dawson and ask what action they desired to take in the matter.

Alderman Huggins moved that a committee on resolutions be appointed, which was carried.

The Mayor appointed on said committee Aldermen Huggins, Chadbourn and Bowden.

The committee retired, and on their return presented the following resolutions which were unanimously adopted:

Death has removed from our midst one of the most prominent citizens of Wilmington. It was with sorrow that the community received the announcement of the death of ex-Mayor John Dawson, who expired on the 29th of September. He came to the banks of the Cape Fear in early manhood, and by industry and strength of will he became a successful merchant and achieved high places of honor in this city.—During the scourge of yellow fever that visited Wilmington in 1862 he remained manfully at his post, and discharged his duty as magistrate of Police to his afflicted and suffering people; therefore be it

Resolved, That we, the Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Wimington, in view of the death of this eminent citizen, who, as former Mayor of this city rendered such numerous and efficient services, feel called upon to give this public official expression of our feelings upon the sad event.

Resolved, That in the death of ex-Mayor John Dawson the city of Wilmington has lost one of her most efficient and devoted friends, and the community one of its most prominent and useful members.

On motion the meeting then adjourned,

Leavitt's Gigantean minstrels had a remarkably large audience at the City Hall, one which would have packed the Opera House to suffocation, and they gave one of the best performances ever seen here. No scenery could be put upon the stage, and the performers had to depend upon their skill alone for their effect, and it is no small praise to them to say that the audience was heartily enthusiastic from beginning to end. The programme was a well chosen one, without a dull feature in it, and combining the best of the old-time and now past minstrelsy with that now fashionable. The troupe is particularly strong in its music; we recall no other minstrel singing of such real artistic merit. The musical specialties are also fine, and the songs and dances on skates equally so. But the most interesting of all was the reproduction by Dan Emmett, Dave Reed, Archie Hughes and Sam Sanford, "the fathers of minstrelsy," of the sort of performance which entertained our fathers years ago. It was a happy thought to enact this on the stage once more before the old veterans pass away.—*Republican, September 2.*

One good act done to-day is worth a thousand in contemplation for some ture time.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE LATEST AND MOST WONDERFUL INVENTION.

EDISON'S
INSTANTANEOUS
GUIDE
TO THE
PIANO OR ORGAN

By which any Child or Person can play any of the Popular Airs by note, at sight, without STUDY, PREVIOUS PRACTICE, or even Musical Talent. The Company will FORFEIT [illegible] if any Child ten years old fails to play ANY ONE of our Popular Tunes on the PIANO, ORGAN or MELODEON within ONE HOUR after receiving the Music and Instructions, provided said child can count, with the figures before it, from 1 to 10 correctly.

7 Pieces of Music, with Instructions.

Mailed to any address on receipt of [illegible]. Enclose one-cent postage stamp for Catalogue of Tunes. Agents wanted in every State and County in the Union.

EDISON MUSIC CO.
211 & 213 Walnut Street, Philada, Pa.
sept 25-[illegible]

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover.

H. W. [illegible], Administrator de bonis non of [illegible] deceased, [illegible]

vs.

[illegible]

[illegible]

S. VANAMRINGE,
[illegible] of New Hanover County.

THE WILMINGTON POST.

. P. CANADAY. Proprietor.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, OCT. 2, 1881.

The railroad war continues to go on. Hussey, of the Greensboro *Patriot*, says that Senator Vance is corrupt. Whereupon Senator Vance's son publishes a card calling Hussey a liar, a swindler and a blackguard. And now the good people are looking for blood, but there will be none.

Persons who desire a reliable Republican newspaper, published at the Capital, should by all means subscribe for the *National Republican*. It is one of the very best papers published in this country. Its editor, Hon. George C. Gorham, is one of the best posted politicians in the United States. The paper is worth ten times the subscription price.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR'S OPPORTUNITY.

There never was a time since the foundation of the government when a man was inaugurated President with such an opportunity as the one that President Chester A. Arthur has at his command at this time. He assumes control of the Executive when the whole country is at peace, and from all appearances perfectly united. The people of the south have shown in their expressions and acts their love for the American Union. There has never been a people more excited over an assassination of their Chief Executive than the people of the southern states, and during the whole illness of the President they showed unmistakably their great admiration and love for the man, as well as their loyalty to the government. And had he lived we do not believe the leaders of any party or faction could have run a candidate against General Garfield for a re-election in 1884. And the whole outlook, if we can judge from the signs of the times, shows that the people of this country are more closely united to-day than they have been since 1850.

With the credit of the government fully established, government bonds drawing only 3½ per cent interest, selling at a very large premium, everything down to a gold basis, the country prosperous, manufactories running at their fullest capacity, the people of all sections perfectly satisfied, the Union fully and completely harmonized, what is to keep President Chester A. Arthur from having a perfectly smooth, even and happy administration, we ask? He is a man of great ability, and one who can see his opportunity, therefore we predict for him the most successful and pleasant administration since the war.

Gen. Arthur can engage himself about the affairs of the internal workings of the government, so regulate the tariff and the internal revenue taxes that the people will feel them even less than at present, and the country will ever bless the name of Chester A. Arthur.

MR. HENRY NUTT.

This gentleman was appointed in 1869, by the Chamber of Commerce of this city, chairman of the committee to look after the river and harbor improvements. He did so very faithfully for many years. He kept the citizens well informed of what was gong on, and in what manner the improvements were being made—in fact his monthly reports were exceedingly instructive, and always examined with interest by the friends of the improvements. He was entitled as much if not more for the credit of the appropriations made by Congress for this needed improvement than any other one man, and the people got to looking to him as the father of the work, and expected that he would continue a faithful eye of supervision over it. But for the past two years he has totally, so far as we know, neglected the duties of chairman of the above named committee, and has failed to let the people of the Cape Fear section hear from him concerning the works. Now we desire to ask Mr. Nutt why this is and has been the case? The people have a right to an answer.

RIVER AND HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS.

We have been publishing for the past few weeks communications from reliable persons at Smithville, North Carolina, concerning Mr. Bacon, who has charge of the United States work of improving our river and harbor.—Some of the charges made and questions asked are very damaging to the good name of any person, and we sincerely hope they cannot be substantiated. But the parties interested have not answered any of the very pointed questions, and the time has been ample for them to do so. If the charges are true, Mr. Henry Bacon should do the square thing, and leave the work at once, and allow the government to put a man in charge whom the people have confidence in. Should he remain in charge it will very seriously damage the chances of appropriations to continue the improvements by Congress.

Undue sadness as well as undue mirth unfit us for prayer or communion with our Savior

There are few occasions when ceremony may not be easily dispensed with, kindness never.

ELECTION OF MAGISTRATES.

We publish below articles from the *Newbernian* and Salisbury *Examiner* concerning the election of Magistrates. We are glad to see these anti-prohibition papers advocating local self-government. It shows their sincerity in supporting the rights of the people during the last campaign. The county officers should be elected by the people, and not appointed by the legislature. What does the members of the legislature from Buncombe know about the qualifications of men who they vote for to fill the county offices of New Hanover. The people know in the various counties who will make good Magistrates, School Committeemen and County Commissioners, and if it is left to them they will select good men for the positions.

In North Carolina we too, are mixed up. In the next campaign in this state a distinctive railroad policy will enter largely into politics; prohibition will add its mite to vex and annoy, while the election of Magistrates by the people like a hideous nightmare will oppress the Democratic party, in fact to such an extent as to threaten its life. The present method of appointing Magistrates through the legislature is distasteful to many Democrats even in the east, who cling to the old time Democratic idea that the servants of the people should be selected and elected by the people. Disguise it as we may, this will be the vital principle in the fight in 1882. And if the Democratic party will take warning by the clouds that are even now rising and spreading over political skies, it will bout ship, make all things snug and trim its sails to meet, ride out with safety and even turn to advantage the coming storm. This is simply the conclusion we arrive at from present indications.—*Newbernian.*

Politically speaking, we are certainly "mixed up" in this state; and the worst of it is that mixing is all against the Democratic party. It is in a state of confusions—at sea without chart or compass. The old Captains, the old party leaders, have become bigoted, intolerant, and flighty at the crew, the masses of the people, are in a state of mutiny. There is no hope of reorganization, or reconciliation, under the old bosses. They must be thrown overboard in order to save the ship of state, or get her back into the harbor of safety. This is the only chance, look at it in any light you may. The men who have brought this ruin upon the great and glorious Democratic party will no longer be trusted by the masses. They must step down and out. No new dodge will save them. The men who refused or failed to come forward to checkmate the fool measures that brought ruin upon the Democratic party, are no more to be trusted than those who aided and abetted these measures. They are rightly styled the suppressed element, and the people will decide hereafter, to keep them suppressed.

We think it very probable that some "distinctive railroad policy will enter largely into politics," in the future; but it will be such a policy as the people will indicate, and not that championed by those who hold commissions as attorneys for railroad syndicates, or by those who seize upon this method to restore themselves to favor and confidence that they may again gull and deceive the people. Any measure of state policy championed by the old repudiated leaders will fail. Their tricks and deception and dissimulation are of two recent date, to be overlooked, even though though they range themselves on the side of a good cause. They have cried wolf! wolf! so often that the people will not believe, though the wolf be at their doors.

Prohibition was indeed a squelcher, and though it was effectually buried beneath the popular indignation beyond the power of resurrection, it still left the debris, the wreck and ruin, strown all along the path of its loathsome trail to be disposed of. The politicians who favored it, the suppressed element, the fence riders, and the super-serviceable-stand offs, are all to be taken care of, or rather disposed of.—Since these were mainly composed of officeseekers and officeholders, the work of relegating them to the shades of private life will be quickly and rapidly performed when the time comes for the people to act. They have resolved upon this step, and you might as well try to change the laws of the Medes and Persians as attempt to avert their purpose.

The election of magistrates and county commissioners by the people will be demanded as an essential right in reparable from our Democratic system.

The defunct leaders may make an effort to get up new issues to divert public attention from their past blunders, but they will fail. The people have pretty well settled upon a line of policy for the next campaign, and no amount of bluster or special pleadings will serve to change their purposes.—*Salisbury Examiner.*

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN ON GUITEAU'S TRIAL.

Geo. C, Gorman of the *National Republican*, is one of the best newspaper writers in this country, Whatever he has to say about a matter is said in a straightforward business way—he always speaks to the point, and his candor, as well as his great ability is admired by all. We publish below an editorial concerning the *trial* of Guiteau, which we particularly commend.

THE TRIAL OF GUITEAU.

"We have rejected a number of communications and suggestions in relation to the crime of Guiteau and the jurisdiction under which he must be tried. We do not think it worth while to proceed upon the assumption that the proceedings are to be directed to finding out how not to do it. If there is any old, musty, decayed law which centuries ago the judges of England devised to stand between the fury of the then semi-civilized people around them and the selected victims of their wrath, it is a good time for it to be sunk in oblivion, as wholly unworthy of our day. If Abel had passed the boundaries of Paradise before God called Cain to account for his blood, the latter would none the less been branded as a murderer. Let us dismiss all fears that our court here will, under any rule that ever prevailed in England, charge a jury that Guiteau did not kill the President, or that his murderous act lacked anything of completion on his part when he had fired the shot which took effect. Every pain suffered and every step of progress made toward death from that moment was by the act of Guiteau. Let us have no fears that an indictment found against him will be quashed. Let us trust much to the legality of common sense and the common sense of the law. If there should be found any lack of law, *then* the time would have arrived for measures of public safety.

"And supposing the indictment to be held as good, as no one seriously doubts it will be, we imagine, let no fears possess any one that lawyers for the prisoner can utilize the autopsy quarrel to prove that the President died of his treatment instead of by Guiteau's shot. No. Let every good citizen keep his mind clear of all bias on this subject, as well as on the question of insanity, which would prevent him from giving due weight to evidence, and then, should he be called in as a juror, let him give Guiteau as fair a trial as Cain had. The problem is not, How can cobweb theories be spun to clear this hell-hound? but the question is, Did Guiteau with malice aforethought give the President his death wound while of sane mind? The jury must consist of men who believe him guilty, because no man believes him innocent. Guiteau must have all the witnesses he can produce, and be regularly tried. If his counsel desires to have his execution orderly and lawful, let him avoid any effort to cheat justice upon a frivolous and exploded paradox concerning jurisdiction.

"Since writing the above we learn from the District Attorney that there is no doubt in his mind as to the question of jurisdiction, and it is fair to presume that he has fortified himself in every possible manner. The indictment will be had Monday, and the trial probably proceed on Tuesday. The law should haye entire sway. The result cannot be doubted."

BACON AND THE RIVER.

MR. EDITOR: What does it all mean? The whole Snooks family, *Bill X.*, Peter and Sally seem to have the river and harbor improvement on the brain. Bacon, our Harry, Harper (cousin J. T.) and the poet, Mickel, the marble player, seem to be the heroes of Sally Snooks, the heroine of the communications of late from Smithville. Now, as I am the only remaining Snooks, connected with the family entit'ed to any respectability, and where opinions are worth expressing would like to know what all this onslaught on Bacon, Mickel, Harper & Co., means? Do they want employment in the government? Can't they trade with Harper, and play marbles and kiss Michel as sister Sally, and make fair weather with the officials? *Certainly*, these women are keener and far seeing than men, their sights are much better than the sights of we poor sinners.

Now, it is outrageous to forever be dogging at Bacon because he wishes to make money outside of his regular pay of government for himself and friends, in need, what need the Snooks family care, as long as Congress appropriates money to be thrown away to benefit one or two men in our community, especially when one of our *family*, Sister *Sall* can bulldoze the *poet* Mickel, and Harper can control Bacon and make money out of the concern. The way some of my kinsfolks haye of spoiling a good thing in order to vindicate the cause of others, not connected with our family, is terrible green. Now, if Senator Ransom can cajole and bamboozle Congress to grant large appropriations, ostensibly to improve the lower Cape Fear, but actually to benefit no one but Bacon, Harper, Mickel and the Snooks family, what in the name of reason and common sense need we care for other people. If Miss Kate wants to borrow a pile driver of Bacon, and Captain C. C. M. objects to it, our principal and superintendent, Bacon refuses the lady on the ground that he is not at liberty to accommodate any one but Captain Harper, what's the use of making a great fuss about it?

Harper and the Snookses are home people, and if Sally can rule Mickel, and Harper use our friend Bacon, and make money out of them, or through them, or by them, control, use and monopolize the money appropriated by Congress, are not going a cash business, these Snookses don't know what they are doing. What good does it do to write little squibs in a newspaper?—Why don't they write to Col. Craighill? Why not write to Gen. Ransom? Why not call the attention of Congress to the foolish and useless expenditure of money to be frittered away and swallowed up by two or three persons?

I shall watch and wait developments, if anything occurs worthy of note, I will let you know. But I want to control only the Snooks family and keep sister Sall in due bounds.

Yours, JACOB SNOOKS.

He who bears much from others finds that they will, after a while, bear much from him.

If you want to get rich advertise in the POST.

PUBLIC MEETING.

At 3:15 P. M. His Honor, Mayor Smith, in accordance with a previous arrangement, called to order in the Opera House one of the largest meetings ever held in Wilmington, explaining the object to be to take some action in connection with the great national loss which the people of the country have sustained in the death of President James A. Garfield, and to express the sympathy of the people of this community in the great bereavement. He then called upon Rev. A. A. Watson, D. D., of St. James' Episcopal Church, to open the exercises with prayer, which he did in a most touching, appropriate and impressive manner.

At the conclusion of the prayer Mr. F. H. Darby then moved that His Honor, Mayor Smith, should preside, which motion was put by Mr. Darby and carried.

The other officers of the meeting were then announced, in accordance with a resolution of Mr. Darby, as follows:

Secretary—Stacey VanAmringe.

Vice Presidents—Roger Moore, H. A. Bagg, S. H. Fishblate, Maj. Jas Reilly, Alfred Martin, Col. E. R. Brink, J. E. Sampson, Owen Burney, Capt. E. J. Pennypacker, C. P. Lockey.

Committee on Resolutions—Col. D. K. McRae, Robert S. Radcliffe, John Haar, Jr., DuBrutz Cutlar, Gen. J. C. Abbott, Jos. D. Sampson, W. H. Gerken, F. W. Foster.

The Committee on Resolutions having come in, their Chairman, Col. D. K. McRae, read their report, as follows:

Resolutions commemorative of the death of James A. Garfield, late President of the United States, passed at a public meeting of the citizens of Wilmington, North Carolina, held on the 26th of September, 1881.

PREAMBLE:—Within the century of our national life, the people of the United States have been summoned to witness the death of four Presidents while serving their official term.

Of these, two have perished by violence, at the hands of assassins, thus aggravating the calamity by a criminal agency.

On the 19th day of this month of September, James Abram Garfield, President of the United States, succumbed to a mortal wound received on the 2nd day of July; and after a protracted struggle for life, maintained by great force of will, under sufferings which he bore with philosophic patience and inflexible fortitude, departed this life.

He has died at the meridian of a career of rapid and enchanting success; at the highest point of official elevation; in the possession of grand intellectual faculties, ripening into a rich maturity, and abounding with promise of usefulness of which our entire people would be beneficiaries. His life, his work, his success and his untimely end have embalmed his memory in the sympathies of humanity throughout the civilized world.

As a portion of the common brotherhood of this Union, sharing with our fellow-citizens in this dread bereavement, we unite in the general expression of sorrow and sympathy, and join in the sad and solemn services ordained for the occasion. Wherefore, be it

Resolved, 1st. That it is the duty of a religious people to recognize the will of God in this national affliction.

2nd. That having watched with anxious commiseration the long and painful agony which the deceased sustained in his conflict with death, in the earnest hope that his life might be spared for the comfort of his family and the welfare of his country, we have received with profound sensibility the annunciation of his disease, feeling that a life capable of great good and full of bright promise has been cut short. The unparalleled grief attests the public's estimate of its loss.

3rd. That we tender our kindliest condolence to the stricken family of the deceased—mother, widow and orphaned children—and commend them for solace in their woe to the companionship of a world-wide sympathy.

4th. That while any passion for revenge is unsuited to the solemn feeling of awe and grief inspired by this heart-rending event, it is fit that we express our abhorrence and detestation of the dastardly crime from which it has resulted. Liberty and social happiness can only be preserved through the ministrations of law and the maintenance of order and he is a public enemy who practices violent resort for the redress of real or supposed grievance.

5th. That a copy of the proceedings of this meeting be transmitted by the chairman to Mrs. Garfield as a testimonial to her wifely devotion and true womanhood exhibited throughout this disastrous ordeal, and that a further copy be furnished to the member of Congress-elect of this district, to be placed with other like manifestations of respect in the public archives.

Col. McRae closed the reading of the resolutions with a few remarks appropriate to the occasion, after which they were unanimously adopted.

Col. Smith, chairman of the meeting, then introduced Mr. W. P. Canaday, who referred to the fact of Gen. Garfield being truly from the people and of the people, he therefore could the more fully sympathize with the necessities of the people, which accounted for the great love existing for General Garfield by all. He also assured the audience that the successor of President Garfield was a man in every sense of the word. A true type of an American, a self-made man like President Garfield, he had worked and educated himself, and by his own integrity and great ability had become the President of 50,000,000 of people. He certainly would do his full duty by the office and the country. He said while we all mourn the death of President Garfield yet it was a subject of congratulation that we had such a man as Gen. Chester A. Arthur to succeed to the position.

Col. Geo. L. Mabson was introduced and spoke for about ten minutes. His speech was exceedingly appropriate to the occasion, and beautifully delivered. He referred to the great services of President Garfield to the colored race with considerable feeling, and said the colored people loved Gen. Garfield only second to President Lincoln. Col. Mabson's speech was able and hansomely received by the audience.

Mr. J. I. Macks came forward and made an able and appropriate speech. Being without notes we cannot do him justice.

Hon. George W. Price, jr., was then introduced by the chairman, and addressed the meeting as follows:

Mr. Chairman: In the awful and solemn presence of death, as fifty millions of mourning people in profound sympathy, deep affliction and sincere sorrow, breathe forth their condolence for a nation bereft, and tearfully and prayerfully surround the catafalque of the illustrious dead with fitting tribute, attesting the heartfelt emotions of a devoted sorrowing people, while contemplating the sad and gloomy aspect of a country draped in mourning, and a nation bowed in grief. The mind goes back in retrospection to the memorable morn of July 2d, just on the threshold of the national anniversary, when a prosperous and happy people were making extensive arrangements to celebrate the natal day of the Republic, as unexpected as comes the lightning from the cloudless sky, the living pulse of the electric current flashed throughout the land the sad and heartrending intelligence of the dreadful deed of the assassin which has robbed the country of its Chief Executive and brought sorrow, sadness and gloom to the household of the nation. Although the period intervening between the fierce political contest of the two great parties, struggling for the ascendancy, and the sad catastrophy which plunged a nation in mourning and grief was comparatively short, and although all the bitterness incident to a great national contest had been engendered and party ties and sectional lines were clearly as ever defined, yet when this great calamity fell upon the nation, as if under the inspiration of some enchanting spirit, fifty millions of people in the stricken household of grief becomes one people in sympathy, grief, sorrow and mourning, and one in condemnation of the dastardly assassin. And as day after day, night after night, and hour after hour, the hearts of fifty millions devoted citizen subjects are drawn to the bedside of the illustrious sufferer, watching with deep but silent emotion, and breathless suspense, the counting of his pulse, the gauging of his temperature, and the calculating of his respiration, THE President, without regard to section, creed or locality, in the full, broad, comprehensive and true sense of the term, as applied to every citizen of the Republic, becomes OUR President, whom an entire nation follows through all the changing scenes of hope, fear, anxiety, and dispair for 79 days of sore affliction, pain and suffering, admiring his heroic courage, christian fortitude and manly forbearance, and praying that God would interpose his omnipotent power and spare the country the sad affliction, and the nation the irreparable loss.—But He who "holdeth destinies of nations in his hands," and "who doeth all things well, willed otherwise.—And the Angel Death hath invaded the household of the nation and taken their greatest treasure and most precious jewell. But who shall say that behind the frowning providence of the nation's affliction, there shall not come forth the smiling face and cheering countenance of a brighter dispensation? One thing is sure, the sympathy and the tears of the whole people of this great Republic, without regard to caste, condition, party affiliations or geographical distinction mingles in the common grief for the nation's dead.

In contributing, with my feeble effort, to this occasion of honoring the illustrious dead, I am fully sensible of my inability, nor will I attempt to recount the many virtues of our murdered President. Abler and more competent minds will assume that task.

In the convention which nominated James A. Garfield for the position of President of the United States, after thrice protesting against the use of his name as a candidate, it was my fortune to occupy a seat immediately next in front of his, contrasting his portly, stalwart form with that of the tall, angular, active form of Hon. W. P. Canaday, who as chairman of the North Carolina delegation, acting and cooperating with the Ohio delegation, he occupied a seat directly in front, to the right of Mr. Garfield. I was thus enabled to observe him more closely, whether as the thundering applause of that vast multitude would greet his entrance, or listening to the thrilling eloquence as he spoke in support of his candidate for the position which was subsequently thrust upon him. Or when, after the long protracted struggle, the suspense was at last broken by the unsought result of his own nomination, amid the great excitement of the hour, when strong men became unnerved, and joining in the sweeping current of wild commotion and confusion incident to such occasions, when wild emotion reigned supreme, and business for the time was necessarily suspended that men should give vent to their feelings over the happy result, he alone in that vast multitude seemed self-possessed and unmoved—exhibiting that noble characteristic which has marked his career through life, and which has been demonstrated on all subsequent occasions even on the bed of affliction in the long and equaled struggle between life and death.

Marble and bronze are employed as mediums through which we commemorate the virtues and noble deeds, and preserve the names of great and illustrious men, but the memory of James A. Garfield will be enshrined in the hearts of a devoted people and a sorrowing nation, and will survive even the withering hand of decay.

A people so thoroughly, completely and sincerely united under the bond of affliction in national grief has all the solemnity of a providential dispensation, and we hope that it is the precursor of a greater union of national sentiments, and cooperation in all things that appertain to the growth and prosperity of the whole country and its entire people.

James A. Garfield, from the humble walks of life, had by his manly courage and persistent effort climbed thro' all the intermediate and perplexing gradations, up to the very zenith of his earthly glory. Truly a great and good man is gone, leaving behind a pure and unblemished character as a heritage to a sorrowing Republic. A brave soldier, a pure statesman, a patriotic citizen, a devoted husband, a loving father, an obedient son, a faithful friend, a lamented ruler. A brighter jewell yet than these shines forth in the character of the martyred President, for he was a christian, a disciple and follower of Him who hath said, "I am the resurrection and the life, and whosoever liveth and believeth in me shall never die."

In releasing his hold on the pinicle of fame and earthly ambition he enters upon the blissful inheritance of eternal life.

It is said that the blood of the martyr becomes the seed of the church.—Predicating our faith upon this hypothesis may we look forward to the happy event of the substantial and permanent reunion of the hitherto divided people of this great Republic.

Mr. H. E. Scott's address:

Never, perhaps in the history of the American Union has there transpired an event which so o'ershadowed the hearts and homes of all Americans as the assassination of President Garfield. When the terrible words were borne over the telegraphic wires to all parts of our country, the President of the United states has been stricken down by the bullet of an assassin, they carried with them a weight that sank heavily on the hearts of all patriotic citizens of this great Republic. And had death immediately ensued, no man can to-day declare what would have been the consequences to our country. But an allwise providence ordered that General Garfield should live until the citizens of this Union should, in a measure be prepared for his death.—Eagerly for days, weeks, yes, months, were the bulletin boards watched night and day, by eager anxious millions all over this broad land for tidings of the stricken President. To-day all hearts are made glad with hope; to-morrow despondent with despair. Long, long weary days lay the patient suffer, the nation's chosen ruler, lingering between life and death, and finally when vital powers are all exhausted and he sinks to rest, we find our whole country, north, south, east and west draped in the habiliments of mourning. Nor there does the feeling cease, that one of America's greatest statesmen, her President, a noble, true patriot has passed away.—But beyond the sea come tidings of condolence from England's Queen, from Russia's monarch; yes, from all over the civilized globe, we weep with America in the hour of her dire distress.

I feel, Mr. President, utterly incompetent to pronounce a fitting eulogy on the life and character of he who but a short, short time ago was at the head of this vast country. He needs no eulogy, no marble monument, no granite column, no epitaph. His life and character and services are before his countrymen as pure and upright as the noon-day sun. A monument is already erected to his memory, and one not built by hands, but built up with hearts of millions who will honor, revere and cherish the name of James A. Garfield to their dying day.

Step by step, from obscurity and poverty, up the ladder of fame, round after round; first a canal boy, then a teacher, then a minister of the gospel, then a soldier battling for the Union, then a Congressman and then, at the summit of the ladder, our President. Take him for all in all, he was a man, a prototype of the immortal Washington. "First in peace, first in war and first in the hearts of his countrymen."

The bereaved family of President Garfield, have a nation's sympathy in their affliction—nay, more, a world's. And although our country will probably march on to the fulfillment of its destiny, as one among the greatest nations of the earth, with unwavering and unfaltering strides, yet in prosperity or adversity, inscribed upon the pages of the nation's history, as one of the master minds of the nineteenth century; as one of the three immortal names that were not born to die, will stand forth the name of the late President—Washington, Lincoln and Garfield, Washington, the father of the Republic; Lincoln, the emancipator of the slave; Garfield, the restorer of harmony. Who in six short months won the confidence of the entire people of this country and inaugurated a new era of peace and good will, blotted out sectional feeling and strife, and left us a more prosperous and happy people, north, south, east and west, cemented together more firmly than ever, and together revering his memory.

Mr. T. B. Kingsbury, one of the handsomest orators in the state, spoke at length concering President Garfield, and one of his expressions was so exceedingly good we quote it: He said that, "If we would only say about a man when living the things we say of him after death, we would be better friends and neighbors."

At the closing of Mr. Kingsbury's address the meeting adjourned.

We have received so many letters inquiring about the Judicial Districts of the state that we publish below the list:

First District—Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Chowan, Hertford, Gates, Washington, Tyrrell, Dare, Hyde, Pamlico and Beaufort.

Second District—Wake, Warren, Halifax, Northampton, Edgecombe, Bertie, Martin and Craven.

Third District—Nash, Wilson, Pitt, Greene, Wayne, Lenoir, Jones, Carteret, Onslow, Duplin, Sampson, New Hanover and Pender.

Fourth District—Harnett, Moore, Anson, Richmond, Robeson, Columbus, Brunswick, Bladen, Cumberland and Johnston.

Fifth District—Alamance, Randolph, Guilford, Chatham, Franklin, Orange, Granville, Person, Caswell and Rockingham.

Sixth District—Mecklenburg, Cabarrus, Stanly, Montgomery, Union, Lincoln, Gaston, Cleaveland, Rutherford and Polk.

Seventh District—Davie, Yadkin, Wilkes, Alleghany, Surry, Stokes, Forsythe, Davidson and Rowan.

Eighth District—Catawba, Burke, McDowell, Yancey, Mitchell, Watauga, Ashe, Caldwell, Alexander and Iredell.

Ninth District—Buncombe, Madison, Henderson, Transylvania, Haywood, Jackson, Swain, Macon, Clay, Graham and Cherokee.

RAILROADS.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Company.

OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT,
Wilmington, N. C., May 15, 1880.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after May 15th, 1880, at 6:40 a. m., Passenger Trains on the W. & W. Railroad will run as follows:

DAY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN
Daily—Nos. 47 North and 48 South.

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot, at.......6.40 A. M
Arrive at Weldon at.......12:30 P. M
Leave Weldon at.......3:30 P. M
Arrive at Wilmington, Front St. Depot at.......9.45 P. M

FAST THROUGH MAIL AND PASSENGER TRAINS, Daily—Nos. 43 North and 40 South.

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot at.......8.25 P M
Arrive at Weldon.......1:25 A M
Leave Weldon.......6:15 M
Arrive at Wilmington, Front Street Depot.......11:25 P M

Train No. 40 South will stop only at Rocky Mount, Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.

Trains on Tarboro Branch Road leave Rocky Mount for Tarboro at 7:10 P. M. Daily and Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 5.00 A. M. Returning leave Tarboro at 2.50 A. M. daily, and Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8.30 P. M.

Train No. 47 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North Daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line.

Train No. 43 runs daily and makes close connection for all points north via Richmond and Washington.

All trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleepers attached.

JOHN F. DIVINE,
General Sup't.

A. POPE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
may 15 tf

GEN. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE
Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Company.

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 13, 1881.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

ON AND AFTER MAY 13, 1881, at 3.45 P. M., the following Passenger Schedule will be run on this road:

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN (Daily)
Nos. 48 West and 47 East.

Leave Wilmington.......10.05 P M
Leave Florence.......2 40 A M
Arrive at C. C. & A. Junction.......5.45 A. M
Arrive at Columbia.......6.00 A. M
Leave Columbia.......10.00 P. M
Leave C. C. & A. Junction.......10 20 P. M
Leave Florence at.......2.00 A. M
Arrive at Wilmington.......6.30 A M

Night Mail and Passenger train, Daily, No 40 West, and Day Mail and Passenger Train, No 48 East.

Leave Wilmington.......11.45 P. M
Arrive at Florence.......3.15 A. M
Leave Florence.......1.05 P. M
Arrive at Wilmington.......6 05 P M

Train No. 48 stops at all Stations.
No. 40 stops only at Flemington, Whiteville, Fair Bluff and Marion.

Passengers for Columbia, and all points on G. & C. R. R., C. C. & A. R. R. Stations, Aiken Junction, and all points beyond, should take No. 48 Night Express.

Separate Pullman Sleepers for Charleston, and for Augusta on train 47.

All trains run solid between Charleston and Wilmington.

JOHN F. DIVINE,
General Sup't.

A. POPE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
may 13-tf

Carolina Central Railroad Company.

OFFICE GEN'L SUPERINTENDENT,
WILMINGTON, N. C., June 1, 1881.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after JUNE 1, 1881, the following Schedule will be operated on this Railroad:

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN.

Daily except Sundays.

No. 1 } Leave Wilmington.......3.40 A M
} Arrive at Charlotte at.......4 8 P M

No. 2 } Leave Charlotte at.......5.40 A M
} Arrive at Wilmington at.......6.15 P M

Trains No. 1 and 2 stop at regular stations only, and points designated in the Company's Time Table.

These trains make close connection at Charlotte with trains No. 1 and 2 for Cleveland Springs and all points on Shelby Division.

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

No. 5. [illegible]

No. 6. [illegible]

[illegible]

SHELBY DIVISION, PASSENGER, MAIL, EXPRESS AND FREIGHT.

No. 3. [illegible]

No. 4. [illegible]

[illegible]

june 3-tf

CHARLOTT, N. C., Sept. 26, '81.

MY DEAR MR. EDITOR:

The colored people of North Carolina are very anxious to know if their rights as Republicans and American citizens are ever going to be recognized by the leaders of the Republican party. They have watched your course in this matter and there is not one in the state who does not feel grateful to you for the noble fight you have made and are making in their behalf. And we hope you will continue until we have received the proper portion of the federal patronage in this state. If there were more of the white leaders who would join you in this righteous work and dealing equitably with the colored race, we colored voters would like it very much better, and they would thereby show honesty in their professions of Republicanism and friendship for the colored voter, that they are so anxious to impress upon us every election.

We are not entirely satisfied with our treatment in the postoffice here and it would seem to us that the present postmaster might with justice to himself and equity to us put one or two more colored clerks in his office. Mr. Jenkins is a good man in his way, but we are afraid he don't study the interest of our race. The time may come when he will need our support, and if it should we shall remember his present treatment of the colored people. We have always stood by the father, Hon. David Jenkins, and we supported one of the sons for State Treasurer, and it may be that their wealth will not at all times be so great that we shall not be called upon to support one of them, and if it should they will be anxious to blot out the present record that the P. M. is making for himself.

I have been informed that Postmaster Hubbs of Newbern, has one-half of the clerks in his office colored and that Mr. John Nichols, at Raleigh, has three colored and four white employes, about equally divided, and that W. P. Canaday has in his office, as Collector of the port, twelve colored employes out of a total of seventeen, and why the other federal officeholders in the state cannot do likewise is the question that we shall try and solve.

Respectfully, yours,

COLORED VOTER.

Set Back 42 Years.

"I was troubled for many years with Kidney Complaint, Gravel, &c.; my blood became thin; I was dull and inactive; could hardly crawl about; was an old worn out man all over; could get nothing to help me, until I got Hop Bitter, and now I am a boy again.—My blood and kidneys are all right and I am as active as a man of 30, although I am seventy-two, and I have no doubt it will do as well for others of my age. It is worth a trial.—(Father.)—*Sunday Mercury.*

DIRECTORY OF LODGES.

MASONIC—(WHITE.)

St. John's Lodge No. 1, F & A M, meet 1st Thursday evening of each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Lodge 319, F & A M, meets 3d Tuesday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

Concord Chapter No 1, R A M, meets 3d Monday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Council No. 4, R and S M, meet 2d Monday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Commandery No. 1, K T, meets 2d Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR.

Carolina Lodge 434, meet 1st and 3d Mondays in each month, at Odd Fellows Hall.

I. O. O. F.

Cape Fear Lodge No 2, meets every Tuesday evening.

Orion Lodge No 67, meets every Wednesday evening.

Campbell Encampment No. 1, meets 1st and 3d Friday evening of each month.

Rebecca Lodge meets 1st and 3d Thursday evenings of each month.

Wilmington Degree Lodge meets 2d and 4th Thursday evening of each month.

O. K. S. B.

Manhattan Lodge No 156, meets 2d and 4th Sunday in each month, at 3 o'clock p m

ROYAL ARCANUM.

Cornelius Harnett Council No 231, meets 2d and 4th Monday evening of each month.

The above Lodges meet at Odd Fellows Hall on Third between Princess and Chestnut streets.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Stonewall Lodge No. 1, Meets every Monday at Castle Hall, on Third street.

Germania Lodge No. 4, meets every Thursday evening at Castle Hall.

Endowment Rank No. 221, meet 2d Friday in each month, at Castle Hall.

I. O. R. M.

Wyoming Tribe No. 4, meets every Tuesday evening, at their Hall on Princess between Front and Second streets.

MASONIC—(COLORED.)

Mt. Nebo Lodge, meet 1st and 3d Monday in each month, on Sixth between Walnut and Red Cross streets.

Giblem Lodge, meet 2d and 4th Monday in each month, corner Eighth and Princess streets.

G. U. O. O. F.

Free Love Lodge, meet 1st and 3d Tuesday in each month, corner Dock and Water sts.

Golden Lyre Lodge, meet 1st and 3d Monday in each month, corner Market and Water streets.

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A Classical, Mathematical, Scientific and English School, with Military organization and discipline. J. H. HORNER and J. C. HORNER, Principals. [illegible] Ph.D., German, French, Geography and History. J. L. [illegible], Commandant & [illegible] Mathematics and Natural Sciences. The next session will begin the 1st Monday in August. [illegible] The buildings are new and commodious [illegible] and the best educational advantages in all the appointments of the school are provided. Circulars containing testimonials and other particulars furnished on application. july 10 [illegible]

NOTICE.

ALL persons visiting [illegible] [illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PE[illegible]

THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN,

WASHINGTON, D. C.,

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It is devoted to News, Politics, and General information. It is the

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A faithful record will be given of all appointments, promotions, dismissals, assignments, and other matters of interest connected with the Army and Navy.

In politics it will, as hitherto, be

REPUBLICAN.

and will advocate in a fearless and independent manner what shall appear to be for the best interests of the country.

It will furnish a record of the interesting social events of the [illegible] Society Department a special [illegible] location of THE REPUBLICAN gives it superior facilities for presenting to its readers faithful reports of all that occurs at the national centre of Literature, Science, and Art, while its intercourse with public men enables it to make a special feature of the Social and Political Events and Gossip peculiar to the National Capital. In Telegraphic Communications with all parts of the world reached by the wires, and will contain each day a full record of the latest occurrences abroad as well as at home. Its Special Correspondence from all parts of the world will be an interesting feature. In its editorials and its Foreign, Domestic, and City News, the management intend to maintain the high standard already achieved, and make such improvements as may from time to time be suggested by the requirements of a first-class newspaper.

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Will be commenced Thursday, September 1st, and will contain in a condensed form, all the contents of the daily, and a large amount of interesting literary and scientific matter prepared especially for the weekly edition.

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FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis, or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness; the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the LIVER to have been extensively deranged.

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DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a FAIR TRIAL.

For all bilious derangements, and as a simple purgative, they are unequaled.

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A Word of Advice to My Patrons.

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My Stock will tell in the Future as it has in the Past.

Call and examine before you purchase.

My School Shoes cannot be surpassed by any in the State.

Remember the new sign of the Show-Case.

Next week I will give you some of my Popular Prices. [illegible]

Respectfully,

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A COLORED PRINTER, of six years experience, wants a steady situation. Can "make up" a paper, run a press, and is competent to take charge of the mechanical department of a newspaper. Will work very cheap during the summer. Address, [illegible] C.,
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If you are a man of business, weakened by the strain of your duties avoid stimulants and use Hop Bitters.

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May 14th Mr. D. R. Locke, (Rev. Petroleum V. Nasby) will sail for Europe for the purpose of contributing a series of Letters to the TOLEDO BLADE. These letters will cover a period of six months, commencing June 1st.

They will be written in Mr. Nasby's peculiar vein, and will be as lively as he can make them.

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JESSE TEW.

march 27 1881-tf

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New Jewelry Establishment.

J. L. WINNER, NO. 5, S. FRONT Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Desires to inform the public that he is prepared to repair watches, jewelry and [illegible], and also to do hard solder work. Any work sent to him by mail will be promptly attended to. aug 15 ly.

$66 A WEEK in your own town, and no capital risked. [illegible]

$72 A WEEK. [illegible]

SEND [illegible]

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,
SUNDAY MORNING, OCT 2, 1881

HONORS TO THE DEAD.

Resolutions of St. Stephens' A M. E. Church—Speeches, Etc

In accordance with the proclamation of the President of the United States and of the Mayor of the city of Wilmington, divine services were held in St. Stephens' A. M. E. Church at 11 o'clock A. M. After an appropriate sermon for the occasion by Rev. Joseph G. Fry, pastor in charge, in response to calls George L. Mabson and Joseph E. Sampson delivered short addresses touching the death and merits of the President, after which a committee appointed by the congregation to draft a series of resolutions, reported the following, which were, on motion, adopted:

WHEREAS, By the inscrutable providence of God the nation received on the 2d day of July last the sad and appalling intelligence that James A. Garfield, the President of the United States, had been assassinated; and whereas, on the 19th of this September a still more heart-rending announcement of its fatal result in the death of the President; therefore

Resolved, That this congregation, as worshippers of an all-wise God, bow in humble submission to His decree in removing from us our chief executive, James A. Garfield, who, while administering the nation's temporal affairs, adorned the highest position in the gift of his country with moral virtues and Christian graces.

Resolved, That while we are called to sit in the shadow of a great national bereavement, which naturally casts its deepest gloom over the nation, as a race we feel more keenly his unnatural death, he having endeared himself to us by years of long friendship, both in private and public life.

Resolved, That, cherishing for his memory a profound admiration and affection, we proffer to his bereaved family our sincerest sympathy and condolence.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing proceedings be furnished our city papers, with the request that they be published.

J. E. SAMPSON,
REV. W. H. ROE,
ROBT. F. WHITE,
J. S. W. EAGLES,
DAVID JONES,
Committee.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

CYRENE TEMPLE,
WIMINGTON, Sept. 16, 1881.

At a called meeting of the Patrons of Mercy, Grand Order of Brothers Lodge No. 1, after some preliminary remarks, it was resolved that a committee of three be appointed to draw up suitable resolutions in memory of the late President.

Whereas we, the Patrons of Mercy, Grand Order of Brothers Lodge No. 1, do meet to pay a tribute of respect to the memory of the late President of the United States of America, who has been suffering for a number of weeks with a painful wound, inflicted by the hands of the wicked, and which he bore with great patience and fortitude until the 19th inst., when he breathed his last.

Resolved, That it has pleased Almighty God in His providence to remove from our midst the Chief Magistrate of this nation, James A. Garfield, who was beloved by all.

Resolved, That we bow to the Divine will, whose wisdom is infinite, and hope implicitly that our deceased President has fought the battle of life well and is now in our Father's Kingdom.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted the Wilmington POST for publicatfon.

ALEXANDER BROWN,
WM. BRADLEY,
J. F. HILL,
Committee.
JACOB RICHARDSON, Pres.
J. W. GREEN, Sr., Sec'y.

Funeral Services Abroad.

While the remains of the late President were being consigned to the tomb and all America stood in spirit beside his bereaved family there were other mourners far away in foreign lands.—Our special cable dispatches show with what unanimity of feeling the memory of the dead was honored. In busy England the great commercial classes in many instances gave up the day in sorrow and the half drawn blinds of the shopkeepers, the black draperies in the streets, and flags at half mast testified to the prevailing sentiment. Memorial services were held in many of the churches and the occasion was generally observed as one of mourning. At Liverpool business was entirely suspended, the bells tolled muffled peals and all the city officials attended the special services at the pro-cathedral. In Paris the solemn ceremonies were held at a late hour in the aftetnoon, so as to conincide in time with the actual funeral rites in Cleveland, and members of the French Cabinet and the diplomatic bodies were present. Similar services were held in Berlin and most of the large cities of the Continent. Even in far off Egypt the day was not forgotten, all the Ministers of State and the entire diplomatic corps attending the American mission church in Cairo, where appropriate addresses were delivered. Such marks of sympathy manifest the high esteem in which the United states is held by foreign people and cements still closer the ties of friendship that bind us to the mother country. One English paper even suggests that this feeling should find more substantial expression in the shape of an internal union of Great Britain and America for the prevention of future conflicts.—*New York Herald.*

All women are fond of minds that inhabit fine bodies, and of souls that have fine eyes.

DEMOCRATS AND BONDS.

The Democrats have had so much to say about the Republicans stealing bonds that were issued by the Republican Convention and Legislature of 1868 and 1869, that we publish below the names of the DEMOCRATS and Republicans who received and used said bonds. This will be kept standing for the future in this paper.

The following, who received bonds, were DEMOCRATS.

R. H. Cowan,	$ 2,000,000
W. J. Hawkins,	3,200,000
Geo. W. Swepson,	6,666,000
Wm. Johnson,	2,000,000
E. Belo,	1,440,000
P. Mallett,	500,000
J. B. Stubbs,	450,000
Total,	$16,256,000

Those below were Republicans:

Dr. Wm. Sloan,	$2,000,000
A. J. Jones,	1,500,000
Total,	$3,500,000

For every Dollar received by a Republican, a DEMOCRAT got FIVE.

THE MAILS.

The mails close and arrive at the City Postoffice as follows:

Northern through mails - - 5:30 p. m.
Northern through and way mails - - - - - 5:40 p. m.
Raleigh - - - - - - - 5:40 a. m.
Mails for the N. C. Railroad, and routes supplied therefrom, including A. & N. C. Railroad, at - - - - - 5:40 a. m.
Southern mails for all points South, daily - - 7:45 p. m.
Western mails (C. C. R'y) daily (except Sunday) - - - - - 9.00 a. m.
Mail for Cheraw and Darlington - - - 7.45 p. m
Mails for points between Florence and Charleston - - - - 7.45 p m
Fayetteville, and offices on Cape Fear River, Tuesdays and Fridays - - - - - 1.00 p. m
Onslow C. H. and intermediate offices, every Monday and Thursday - - - - 6.00 p. m.
Smithville mails, by steamboat, daily (except Sundays) - - - 8.30 a m
Mails for Easy Hill, Town Creek, Shallotte and little River, S C, every Monday & Thursday at - - 6.00 a m

OPEN FOR DELIVERY.

Northern through and way mails - - - - 7.30 a m
Southern mails - - - 7.00 p m
C C Railway - - - 4.00 p m

Stamp Office open from 8 a m to 12 m. and from 2 to 5.30 p m. Money Order and Register Department open same as stamp office.

General delivery open from 5.30 a m to 7.00 d m, and on Sundays from 8.30 to 9.30 a m.

Mails collected from street boxes every day at 4.00 p m.

Stamps for sale in small quantities at general delivery when stamp office is closed.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

September 24.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market was dull at 51 cents per gallon, with no sales to report.

ROSIN.—The market was quoted steady at $2 05 for Strained and $2 15 for Good Strained, with sales reported of 500 bbls Good Strained at quotations.

TAR.—Market firm, with sales at $2 50 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $3 65 per bbl for Yellow Dip and $2 92 for Virgin, with sales at quotations, being a reduction of one-fifth on Virgin.

COTTON.—The market was firm, but without reported sales. The following were the quotations of the day:

Ordinary,	—	cts ℔	lb
Good Ordinary,	9[illegible]	"	"
S. Good Ordinary,	—	"	"
Low Middling	10[illegible]	"	"
Middling,	11[illegible]	"	"
Good Middling	11[illegible]	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	572 bales
Spirits Turpentine	186 casks
Rosin,	1333 bbls
Tar,	220 bbls
Crude Turpentine.	500 bbls

September 26.

The Produce Exchange being closed, and business generally suspended, we have no quotations in cotton and naval stores.

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	260 bales
Spirits turpentine,	240 casks
Rosin,	975 bbls
Tar,	235 "
Crude turpentine.	79 "

September 27.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened dull at 50 cents, but later sales were made of 500 casks at that price, closing firm.

ROSIN.—The market was quoted steady at $2 05 for Strained and $2 15 for Good Strained, with small sales reported at quotations. Fine rosins are quiet at $3 75 for M, $4 00 for N, and $4 50 for W.

TAR.—Market quiet, with sales at $2 40 per bbl of 280 lbs, being a decline of 15 cents on last reports.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $3 65 per bbl for Yellow Dip and $2 92 for Virgin, with sales at quotations, being a reduction of one-fifth on Virgin.

COTTON.—The market was firm, but without reported sales. The following were the quotations of the day:

Ordinary,	—	cts ℔	lb
Good Ordinary,	—	"	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	—	"	"
Low Middling,	10 5-16	"	"
Middling,	11 7-16	"	"
Good Middling	11 11-16	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	1306 bales.
Spirits Turpentine,	269 casks.
Rosin,	336 bbls.
Tar,	131 "
Crude turpentine.	221 "

September 28.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market was firm at 50 cents per gallon, with sales reported of 308 casks at that price.

ROSIN.—The market was steady at $2 05 for Strained, with sales reported of 1000 bbls at quotations. Fine rosins are quiet at $3 75 for M, $4 00 for N, and $4 50 for W.

TAR.—Market quiet, with sales at $2 30 per bbl of 280 lbs, being a decline of 10 cents on last reports.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quoted at $3 50 per bbl bid for Yellow Dip and $2 80 for Virgin; being a reduction of one-fifth on Virgin. No sales reported.

COTTON.—The market was quoted steady, with sales of 415 bales on private terms. The following were the quotations of the day:

Ordinary,	—	cts ℔	lb
Good Ordinary	—	"	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	—	"	"
Low Middling,	10 15-16	"	"
Middling,	11 7-16	"	"
Good Middling,	11 11-16	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	628 bales
Spirits turpentine	105 casks
Rosin	604 bbls
Tar,	181 bbls
Crude turpentine	16 bbls

September 29.

SPIRITS TURPETINNE.—The market was steady at 50 cents per gallon, with sales reported of 100 casks at that price.

ROSIN.—The market was steady at $2 05 for Strained and $2 10 for Good Strained, with sales of 500 bbls Good Strained at quotations.

TAR.—Market quiet, with sales at $2 05 per bbl of 280 lbs, being a decline of 25 cents on last reports.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market quoted at $3 50 per bbl bid for Yellow Dip and $2 80 for Virgin; being a reduction of one-fifth on Virgin. No sales reported.

COTTON.—The market was quoted quiet, with small sales on a basis of 11 7-16 cents per lb for Middling. The following were the quotations of the day:

Ordinary,	—	cents ℔	lb
Good Ordinary,	—	"	"
Srtict Good Ordinary,	9 11-16	"	"
Low Middling,	10 15-16	"	"
Middling,	11 7-16	"	"
Good Middling.	11 11-16	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	743 bales
Spirits Turpentine	164 casks
Rosin,	743 bbls
Tar,	296 bbls
Crude Turpentine	348 bbls

September 30.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—The market was firm at 50 cents per gallon, with sales reported of 200 casks at that price.

ROSIN.—The market was dull at $2 05 for Strained and steady at $2 10 for Good Strained, with sales as offered.

TAR.—Market steady, with sales at $2 10 per bbl of 280 lbs, being an advance of 5 cents on last reports.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $3 50 per bbl for Yellow Dip and $2 80 for Virgin, with sales at quotations; being a reduction of one fifth on Virgin.

COTTON.—The market was quoted quiet, with sales of 135 bales on a basis of 11[illegible] cents per lb for Middling. The following were the quotations of the day:

Ordnary,	—	cts ℔	lb
Good Ordinary	—	"	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	9 9-16	"	"
Low Middling,	10 13-16	"	"
Middling,	11 5-16	"	"
Good Middling.	11 9-16	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	589 bales
Spirits Turpentine,	272 casks
Rosin,	398 bbls
Tar,	252 bbls
Crude Turpentine.	105 bbls

Agents Wanted for the Standard Edition.
REVISED NEW TESTAMENT.
13 STYLES Large Type. From $1.00 to $7.00. | Elegant Edition, about 40 pages. Comparative Edition, over 1100 pages. Old and new versions on opposite pages. "History of the Bible and of the New Revision" given to subscribers. The secret of successful canvassing given every agent. Send for our liberal terms. [Mention this paper.]
THE HENRY BILL PUBLISHING CO., Established 1847. NORWICH, CONN.
sep 18-8t

WANTED A LIMITED number of active energetic canvassers to engage in a pleasant and profitable business. Good men will find this a rare chance
TO MAKE MONEY.
Such will please answer this advertisement by letter, enclosing stamp for reply, stating what business they have been engaged in. None but those who mean business need apply.
Address,
FIN[illegible] [illegible] & CO., Atlanta, Ga.
april 30—1y

HORNER SCHOOL,
OXFORD, N. C.
A Classical, Mathematical, Scientific, and English School, with Military organization and discipline. JAS. H. HORNER and J. C. HORNER, Principals. [illegible] HAMMOND, Ph.D., German, French, Geography, and History. J. L. SALE, Commandant of Cadets, Mathematics and Natural Sciences. The next session will begin the 1st Monday in August. Prices the same as heretofore. The buildings are new and commodious, and the best educational advantages in all the appointments of the school are provided. Circulars containing testimonials and other particulars furnished on application.

NOTICE.
ALL persons visiting Waccamaw Lake on excursions [illegible] McDowell for [illegible] boats and [illegible]. He is always on hand.
June 29-tf

SEND [illegible]

ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOOK HERE!
DON'T SPEND A DOLLAR FOR CLOTHING until you have seen the Great Bargains we are offering.
Our entire stock at Lower Prices than ever before, to make room for Fall Goods.
SOL. BEAR & BROS.
july 24-tf

PETERSBURG R.R. Co
LOOK! LOOK! LOOK!
All Classes and Conditions Can Travel.
GREATLY REDUCED RATES ON THE PETERSBURG RAIL ROAD.
You can go from Ream's to Petersburg and back for 60 cents.
From Stony Creek to Petersburg and back for $1.25.
From Jarratt's to Petersburg and back for $1.80.
From Belfield to Petersburg and back for $1.55.
From Pleasant Hill to Petersburg and back for $2.25.
From Garysburg to Petersburg and back for $2.60.
From Weldon to Petersburg and back for $2.90.
Take care to ask the Agent at the Stations for the sort of ticket you want.
You cannot get the Round Trip Tickets on the Cars.
Get full information from the Agents, and notice the conditions and limits on your tickets; they will be strictly adhered to.
W. P. TAYLOR, General Ticket Agent.
Petersburg, Va., July 1st, 1881. jy 24-tf

CAROLINA CENTRAL RAILROAD,
GEN'AL PASSENGER DEPARTMENT,
WILMINGTON, N. C., May 28, 1881
Excursion Tickets
TO ALL PLACES OF RESORT IN THE mountain regions of North and South Carolina, will be on sale at the offices of this Company, on and after June 1st, 1881.
Quick, continuous schedules will recommend this Route to all.
Passengers leaving Wilmington at 9.45 A M., arrive at Cleveland Springs same evening, and Asheville next morning, at 9 o'clock.
Further information an application to
may 19-tf F. W. CLARK, G. P. A.

Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road Co.
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
WILMINGTON, N. C., July 1st, 1881.
THE DIRECTORS of the Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Company have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Three Per Cent. on the Capital Stock, payable at the office of the Treasurer, on the 15th of July, 1881, to all who are Stockholders of record on the Books of the Company on the 11th of July.
J. W. THOMPSON, Sec'ty and Treas.
jy 10-tf

DAVID LANDRETH & SONS, Philadelphia, Pa
Dec 12-1y

Richmond and Petersburg Railroad Co.
COMMENCING Sunday, AUG. 28, 1881, trains on this road will run as follows:
LEAVE RICHMOND—SOUTH.
3:10 P. M., Fast Mail daily, makes through connections for Savannah. Stops only at Petersburg. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Milford, Va., and Charleston.
11.50 A. M., THROUGH MAIL daily connecting for Raleigh, Charleston, Augusta, Aiken, Savannah, & Jacksonville. Stops at Shops, Chester, Centralia, Drewry's Bluff, on signal. Pullman Sleeper between New York and Charleston on this train.
6:00 P. M., Freight Daily (except Sunday).
7:20 A. M., Freight daily (except Sunday).
LEAVE PETERSBURG—NORTH.
6:15 A. M., Fast Mail daily. Stops only at Chester. Pullman Sleepers between Charleston and Milford, Va.
7:20 A. M., Freight daily (except Sunday).
3:30 P. M., Through Mail daily connecting with Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad for all points east and west. Also making connection with Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad for the Virginia Springs and all points north and west. This train stops at Manchester Chester and Centralia. Pullman Sleepers on this train between Charleston and New York.
5:00 P. M., Freight, daily (except Sunday.)
A direct, four hours connection is made between Richmond and Norfolk, by trains leaving Richmond 11.50 A. M. and Norfolk 12.25 P. M.
All trains leaving Petersburg will start from the Appomattox Depot.
SUNDAY EXCURSION TRAINS leave Richmond at 9.00 A. M., and 5.15 P. M. Leave Petersburg at 8.00 A. M., and 5.15 P. M. every Sunday.
T. H. KLINE, Superintendent.
A. POPE, G. P. & T. Agent.
June 28 tf

JOHN WERNER,
The Practical German Barber and Perfumer,
PERSONALLY IN ATTENDANCE AT HIS
NEW HAIR DRESSING SALOON,
No. [illegible] Market Street, Near Front.
[illegible] Stand on the corner of [illegible] and [illegible] Streets,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
[illegible]

PROSPECTUS
THE
WILMINGTON POST
With its Exceedingly Large Subscription LIST is the Best
ADVERTISING MEDIUM
in this State. It is the only
Republican Paper
Published in the Second and Third Congressional Districts.
It reaches all classes of the people, WHITE and COLORED.
It advocates Equal Rights before the Law and at the Ballot Box of ALL MEN, regardless of
COLOR OR NATIVITY.
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LARGEST COMMERCIAL CITY
in North Carolina.
GIVES THE
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IT IS OPPOSED TO
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And Exposes them Wherever
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ONE DOLLAR
A Year in Advance.
Do not Forget to Send the Dollar
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THE WILMINGTON POST,
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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
CAUTION
WOLFE'S
Schiedam
Aromatic
SCHNAPPS.
45 Years Before the Public.
THE GENUINE
DR. C. McLANE'S
LIVER PILLS
IT HAVING BEEN BROUGHT TO OUR [illegible]
Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.
[illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
BEATTY'S ORGANS 17 Stops 5 Set Golden Tongue Reeds [illegible] Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J. June 28-1w
FREE [illegible] BUSINESS UNIVERSITY [illegible] For Illustrated Circular, A [illegible]
GOLD MEDAL AWARDED THE AUTHOR. [illegible]
Cuticura, the Great Skin Cure.
Itching and Scaly Diseases, Humors of the Scalp and Skin Permanently Cured.
Cuticura remedies are for sale by all druggists. Price of CUTICURA, a Medicinal Jelly, small boxes, 50c.; large boxes, $1. CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, $1 per bottle. CUTICURA MEDICINAL TOILET SOAP, 25c. CUTICURA MEDICINAL SHAVING SOAP, 15c.; in bars for barbers and large consumers, 50c. Principal depot, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, Mass. All mailed free on receipt of price. July 21-4w
HAVE YOU EVER KNOWN
Any person to be seriously ill without a weak stomach or inactive liver or kidneys? And when these organs are in good condition do you not find their possessor enjoying good health? Parker's Ginger Tonic always regulates these important organs, and never fails to make the blood rich and pure, and to strengthen every part of the system. It has cured hundreds of despairing invalids. Ask your neighbor about it. July 21-4w
OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, PETERSBURG RAILROAD COMPANY, PETERSBURG, VA., May 12, 1881.
COMMENCING SUNDAY, MAY 15TH, 1881, Trains on this Road will run as follows:
GOING SOUTH.
BOSTON AND SAVANNAH FAST MAIL.
Leave Petersburg daily (Wash'n st. depot) at ..... 4.00 P. M
(Stops only at Belfield.)
Arrive at Weldon at ..... [illegible] P. M
NEW YORK EXPRESS.
Leave Petersburg daily (Wash'n st. depot) at ..... 12.32 P. M
Arrive at Weldon at ..... [illegible] P. M
FREIGHT.
Leave Petersburg daily (except Sunday) at ..... 9.45 A. M
Arrive at Weldon at ..... 7.35 P. M
GOING NORTH.
BOSTON AND SAVANNAH FAST MAIL.
Leave Weldon daily at ..... 1.30 P. M
Arrive at Petersburg at ..... [illegible] P. M
NEW YORK EXPRESS.
Leave Weldon daily at ..... 1.30 P. M
Arrive at Petersburg at ..... [illegible] P. M
FREIGHT.
Leave Weldon daily at 4.30 P. M., except Sunday.
Arrive at Petersburg, at ..... 11.25 P. M
Sleeping cars and first class coaches on night and day trains.
No change of cars between Wilmington and Washington.
Through tickets sold to all Eastern and Southern points and baggage checked through.
Passengers going south will purchase tickets and check baggage at Washington street Depot.
Passengers going North and stopping at Petersburg, will claim their baggage at Washington street Depot.
R. M. SULLY, Gen'l Supt.
W. P. TAYLOR Gen'l Ticket Agent.
W. J. BROWN, Dispatcher of Trains
may 29-1f
[illegible]
HOP BITTERS,
(A Medicine, not a Drink,)
CONTAINS
Hops, Buchu, Mandrake, Dandelion,
and the purest and best medical qualities of all other bitters.
THEY CURE
All diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints. Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters. Take no other. Send for circular. Hop Bitters Manufacturing Company, Rochester, N. Y., and Toronto, Ont.
CONSUMPTION
POSITIVELY CURED
All sufferers from this disease that are anxious to be cured should try Dr. Kissner's Celebrated Consumptive Powders. [illegible]
ASH & ROBBINS, [illegible] Brooklyn, N. Y.
GOLD. [illegible]
YOUNG MEN! [illegible] BUSINESS UNIVERSITY [illegible]